Our ecofeminist demands

**DRASTIC ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE, NOW!**
EU, as one of the biggest global polluters, must double its climate targets and act on them urgently to cut greenhouse gas emissions. We need to face up to our past and support the Global South, as well as fight structural barriers which leave women more affected by climate change impacts.

**GENDER-JUST ENERGY TRANSITION**
Women on average have a lower income, which leaves them disproportionately at risk of energy poverty. The transition to sustainable energies must be just, decentralised, accompanied by participatory citizen’s processes and further gender equality.

**TOXIC CHEMICALS, NO THANK-YOU**
Chemicals lurking in everyday products threaten male reproductive health and increase breast cancer risk in women. We also know that 90% of all children are born pre-polluted. We need stricter controls to ensure that hazardous chemicals do not end up on our shelves.

**SAFE WATER FOR ALL**
Your access to safe, clean and affordable water should not be determined by who you are, your age, gender nor where you live! Yet, in many EU countries there is a big difference in access between rural and urban communities.

**PERIOD POWER FOR ALL**
Menstruators should not be polluted with chemicals in period products nor be subject to period poverty. We need to put an end to the tampon tax in all EU states and make toxic-free alternatives affordable and accessible to all. Industries should bear the burden for the ecological clean up of single-use period products.

**ACT ON SINGLE-USE AND MICRO-PLASTIC**
The EU’s recent ban on single-use plastics does not go far enough: we need stricter laws to impose restrictions on excessive plastic packaging and to make all plastics recyclable by 2030. Micro-plastics must also be banned from consumer goods.

**SLOW DOWN FASHION**
EU’s outsourcing of garment production to the Global South cannot go on unchecked. Environmental restrictions and social protections of the female-dominated workforce are disregarded. Industries must be held responsible and pay for textile waste collection.

**GENDER QUOTAS**
We need more women to sit at the decision-making table of EU institutions and corporations. E.g. more women are needed at high level positions in STEM industries as research has shown that the lack of women in the energy sector is holding us back against climate change.

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<th>Parties</th>
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<th>Fianna Fail</th>
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This graphic shows you how parties rank on the issues which matter to us. It doesn’t cover all issues, but is good as a starting point. Learn more about these topics and find out how to vote:
Electronic waste and menstrual poverty breaking the 90% plastic and potentially contain plasticising chemicals, endangering our reproductive health and adding to the growing mountain of marine litter. In fact, sanitary products are the 5th most common single-use plastic on our shores. Yet the industry is holding us to ransom: by blocking efforts to impose costs for an ecological clean-up by threatening to increase costs for the consumer. Worse still, there is no EU wide end to the Tampon Tax. We can battle plastic pollution and reduce costs to consumers. We need a minimum price on carbon pollution to properly encourage countries to end the era of fossil fuels.

Toxic chemicals, no thank–you!

Chemicals in everyday products like tampons, plastic bottles and cosmetics are silently threatening our reproductive health. Hormone disrupting chemicals are of particular concern, being linked to falling sperm counts and hormone-dependent cancers such as breast and prostate cancer. The EU cannot continue to gamble with our health. The EU’s REACH regulations on hazardous chemicals must be strengthened: corporations must be stopped from finding alternatives to banned substances. We need much greater consumer awareness on these health risks. Only concrete action against hazardous chemicals can fully secure our circular economy; only toxic–free products can be safely recycled.

Get womxn to the table

The glass ceiling still looms large over Europe: only 35% of MEPs and 29% of national MPs are womxn. These figures are worse still for the energy, environment and transport sectors. This gender imbalance means gendered issues go unheard: e.g. gender impacts the future of more sustainable transport links, as averagely lower car-ownership rates make womxn more dependent on public transport. We need to start with education: men still outnumber womxn graduates in STEM subjects (scientific fields) 2 to 1.

A how-to-vote guide

EU members are voting for a new parliament 23–26 May 2019. If you are an EU citizen and over 18 years, you have a right to vote (Malta and Austria from 16 years and Greece from 17 years). If you live abroad, you can either vote for candidates in your home country or in your country of residence, but no voting twice! Wherever you’re voting, you must play by the electoral rules of that system. In some countries registration to vote is automatic with residency, in some you need to complete this yourself. Learn how you vote here: bit.ly/EU-how-to-vote

Stop polluting our vaginas

You would be forgiven for not knowing what’s in your tampon. The industry isn’t even required to list contents. But the reality is that disposable sanitary products can be up to 90% plastic and potentially contain plasticising chemicals, endangering our reproductive health and adding to the growing mountain of marine litter. In fact, sanitary products are the 5th most common single-use plastic on our shores. Yet the industry is holding us to ransom: by blocking efforts to impose costs for an ecological clean-up by threatening to increase costs for the consumer. Worse still, there is no EU wide end to the Tampon Tax. We can battle plastic waste and menstrual poverty breaking the stigma around using sustainable alternatives, with reusables being just 6% of the cost of disposables.

Womxn worse off on this warming planet

We have all seen it: the footage of devastating forest fires, crippling heat waves and record breaking storms. Climate chaos has become weekly news. We are witnessing the impact of a 1°C increase of global temperature. These disasters are hitting the Global South the hardest, with women in particular taking a disproportionally heavy blow. Gendered roles mean womxn are responsible for the provision of threatened resources like water, fuel and food. EU’s role in producing 17% of CO2 emissions ever emitted speaks for our historical responsibility to push beyond our frankly modest commitments to cut emissions by 40% by 2030. Polluting is just too cheap. Big industry will continue to resist a carbon phase-out unless we have a minimum price on carbon pollution to properly encourage countries to end the era of fossil fuels.

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